AASCTM

Agitation in Alzheimer's Screener for Caregivers

A person with Alzheimer's dementia may become easily upset, frustrated, or angry. These feelings may be associated with agitation, a common symptom of Alzheimer's.

The following questions ask about behaviors associated with agitation that you may have observed in the individual for whom you provide care.

Your answers to these questions can help you talk with your person's healthcare professional. Please select one response for each question.

	Patient Name Date		
1.	Are you noticing any of the following that represent a change from usual or past behavior?	ı the individua	al's
		Yes	No
	a. Repeating motions or behaviors (e.g., rocking, raising fist, pointing finger)		
	b. Pacing or restlessness (cannot be still)		
	c. Cursing/using profanity or lashing out verbally		
	d. Raising voice or yelling or screaming		
	e. Resisting assistance or care		
	f. Throwing or hitting or breaking things		
	g. Trying to hurt self or others (e.g., grabbing, kicking, hitting, biting)		
		Yes	No
2.	Do any of these behaviors <u>negatively affect</u> the individual's relationships, activities, or willingness to receive care?		

Disclaimer: This screener was developed by Otsuka Global Medical Affairs along with a panel of multidisciplinary experts and was funded by Otsuka Pharmaceutical Development & Commercialization, Inc. The AASC™ is a screening tool and is not a diagnostic tool.

Agitation criteria based on the International Psychogeriatric Association (IPA) definition (Sano et al., 2023).

References: 1. Clevenger C, et al. One Minute to Recognition: The Agitation in Alzheimer's Screener for Caregivers (AASC™). The Gerontological Society of America Annual Scientific Meeting; November 8-12, 2023; Tampa, FL. **2.** Sano M, Cummings J, Auer S, et al. *Int Psychogeriatr*. 2023;1-13. © 2023 Otsuka Pharmaceutical Development & Commercialization, Inc. All rights reserved.